

Electricity Consumption and Economic Growth: A Long-Term Co-integrated Analysis for Turkey

Abstract

Energy and especially electricity consumption is a variable that can be also considered as the indication of the social development as far as economic growth is concerned. Energy, as the input of the industry and other production branches, is an indication for the production increase; and also for consumption with regards to raising the living standards of the consumers. In literature with its situation, it is argued that the electricity consumption is included the mutual causality relation with the growth data in a long-term. As there are several empirical studies that support this hypothesis, in some economies, especially it may sometimes be concluded that the data of the energy utilization in the production area can negatively affect growth in the long-term. Therefore, the literature does not come to the agreed results for the relation between these two variables. In this study, the causality relations have been analyzed by dividing the electricity consumption into three categories; residential, industrial and others, based on the data of the Turkish economy. In the lights of the obtained findings, it is concluded that in long term, there is at most one long-term co-integrating vector between GDP and electricity consumed in residential and industrial areas and also two-way causality relation between GDP and electricity consumed in these sectors. In this case, electricity consumption can be considered as an indicator for both growth and social development.

Keywords: Economic growth, Electricity consumption, Industrial consumption, Residential consumption.

JEL Class.: C22, O40, O43.

1. Introduction

Whereas electricity is an economic value which is increasingly required for the improvement of human living conditions, some of the methods of generating power are at the center of critiques since they have reached the levels that threaten such human living conditions. Energy consumption has a wide literature in terms of both aspects. While industrial demand for energy is directly proportional to economic growth; consumer demand is directly proportional to economic development. Dhungel (2008) defines these two issues together as "national economic and social development". A similar point of view is expressed by Leung and Meisen (2005) that increase in power consumption ...

However, the studies made afterwards and those basic studies referred to almost in every studies can be shown as Akarca and Long (1980), Yu and Choi (1985), Erol and Yu (1988), Abosedra and Baghestani (1989; 1991), Hwang and Gum (1991, 1992), Cheng (1995), Masih and Masih (1997), Glasure and Lee (1997), Soytaş, Sari and Özdemir (2001), Soytaş and Sari (2003), Lee (2005), ... Joyeux and Ripple (2007), Joyeux and Ripple (2010) and different findings are obtained in many studies such as these due to the direction of causality in particular, the differences that may evolve out of different country and groups of countries and development levels of countries and their macroeconomic conjuncture .

2. Theory and Literature

In theory, increase in the amount of energy consumption in a closed economy, as well as the increases either in households or industrial sectors, can be considered as the indicators of economic and social development ...

2.1. Energy Consumption

Although it can be mentioned about an economic and social development for the increase in energy amount in an open economy as well; it may end up with the reflection (Kibritçioğlu and Kibritçioğlu, 1999) of ... Whereas the theoretical

Açıklama [BK1]: Standart A4 paper. Margins: Right and Left 4 cm. Ceiling: 3 cm and bothbottom: 3 cm. Times New Roman (TNR) 11 punto for whole text. No gutter. There will be no space between paragraphs and blank lines.

Açıklama [BK2]: Title must be written by using Times New Roman (TNR), 16 punto and bold, set in the midst.

Açıklama [BK3]: There must be no information about author(s). Information about author(s) must be written in a cover page.

Açıklama [BK4]: Title of 'abstract' TNR, Bold, 0,5 cm indent, 11 punto. Only first letter of the word is capitalized.

Açıklama [BK5]: Abstract, TNR 10 punto, 0,5 cm indent in the first line and justified.

Açıklama [BK6]: Word of 'keywords' is TNR 10 punto. Bold, 0,5 cm indent. 3-5 keywords must be written. First letter of each keywords must be capitalized. Please use comma between keywords.

Açıklama [BK7]: 'JEL Class' is TNR 10 punto, bold. About 3-5 JEL class codes must be given. There must be comma between them.

Açıklama [BK8]: One space between lines.

Açıklama [BK9]: Enumerate titles from 'Introduction'. First-level titles must be 0,5 indent, TNR 14 punto, bold.

Açıklama [BK10]: Main text must be TNR 11 punto, Only the first line is 0,5 indent, single line; there must be no space between paragraphs and blank line; justified.

Açıklama [BK11]: APA sample

Açıklama [BK12]: APA sample

Açıklama [BK13]: APA sample

Açıklama [BK14]: APA sample

Açıklama [BK15]: First-level titles are 0,5 cm indent, TNR 14 punto and bold. There must be any space before title.

Açıklama [BK16]: Second-level titles are 0,5 cm indent, TNR 12 punto, italic. Same rules for all sub-level titles. Before or after titles, there must be any space or blank line.

Açıklama [BK17]: APA sample

relation between growth and energy consumption involves a linear relation especially in neo-classical economy (Hamilton, 1983; Burbridge and Harisson 1984; Ghali and Sakka, 2004); the point of view which deals with energy as the most efficient factor on growth and refers to it as biophysics considers labor and capital as collateral factors. Such point of view deals with economy as a sub-thermodynamic system (Cleveland et al., Aytac, 2010 narrating from 1984).

Açıklama [BK18]: APA sample

Açıklama [BK19]: APA sample

3. Data Set and Method

Based on the data of Turkish Economy, Although it is ...

4. Findings

Unit root analyses for the series are executed thereby using three different tests. It is initially carried out for Additional Dickey-Fuller (ADF) Test. ... Results are indicated in Table-1.

Açıklama [BK20]: All tables must be enumerated sequentially.

TABLE 1: ADF, PP and KPSS Unit Root Test Results

	GDP (0)	GDP (1)	resident (0)	resident (1)	industry (0)	industry (0)
	2,979738	-5,654487	0,987704	-5,894409	-2,0555337	-2,429787
	(-1,948886)	(1,949097)	(-1,948886)	(-1,949097)	(-1,948886)	(-1,949609)
ADF	1,553112	-6,505076	-1,706041	-6,004486	0,048548	-5,964103
Test	(-2,933158)	(-2,935001)	(-2,933158)	(-2,935001)	(-2,933158)	(-2,935001)
	<i>-0,647342</i>	<i>-7,301912</i>	<i>-2,180316</i>	<i>-6,032341</i>	<i>-2,451416</i>	<i>-5,965028</i>
	(-3,520787)	(-3,523623)	(-3,520787)	(-3,523623)	(-3,520787)	(-3,523623)
	3,544457	-5,860955	0,968976	-5,881088	-2,0533552	-5,548644
	(-1,948886)	(-1,949097)	(-1,948886)	(-1,949097)	(-1,948886)	(-1,949097)
PP	1,939396	-6,535308	-1,706041	-6,004486	0,102907	-5,953762
Test	(-2,933158)	(-2,935001)	(-2,933158)	(-2,935001)	(-2,933158)	(-2,935001)
	<i>-0,533400</i>	<i>-7,320672</i>	<i>-2,322447</i>	<i>-6,032717</i>	<i>-2,433009</i>	<i>-5,951890</i>
	(-3,520787)	(-3,523623)	(-3,520787)	(-3,523623)	(-3,520787)	(-3,523623)
	0,689160	0,455716	0,737722	0,114703	0,755769	0,260740
	(0,463000)	(0,463000)	(0,463000)	(0,463000)	(0,463000)	(0,463000)
KPSS	<i>0,190231</i>	<i>0,073973</i>	<i>0,085944</i>	<i>0,042989</i>	<i>0,154820</i>	<i>0,168131</i>
	(0,146000)	(0,146000)	(0,146000)	(0,146000)	(0,146000)	(0,146000)

Açıklama [BK21]: Word of 'TABLE' is TNR 10 punto and bold. All letters are capitalized. Title of table is TNR 10 punto, italic. Only the first letters are capital. Title and the number of the table are left aligned. Values of table are TNR 10 punto and normal. But as given sample of table, if there are a lot of values, it will be better to use bold or italic number in some lines to ease it for readers. It is up to the writers to make it easier or not for the readers. Vertical and horizontal columns must be bold (for example the statement of 'ADF Test' and 'GDP(1) in the sample of table.) The statement of 'Notes' at the bottom of the table is TNR 10 punto and bold. All other explanations must be TNR 10 punto and written by normal writing rules. If the table is prepared by normal values, not test results, it must be written in the bottom of table with the statement of 'Explanations'.

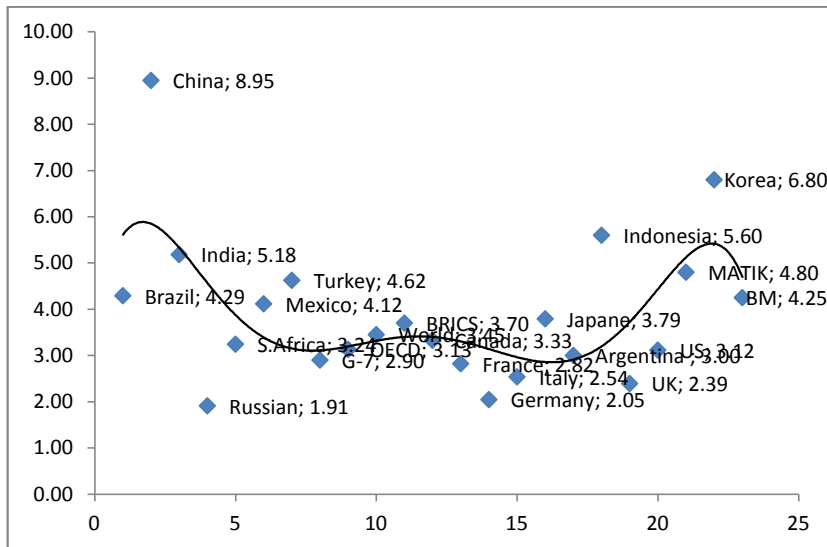
Notes: First lines for ADF and PP are unstable-without trend; Dark colored values are stable; values in italics are stable-trended results. All values in the parenthesis Show critical values in 5 %

Açıklama [BK22]: A blank line after table.

As a result of tests performed for each three series, although they include unit root as of their levels, series become stationary as a consequence of taking their first difference. All three levels become stationary at the same level. This situation indicates that series are integrated at I(1) level. Therefore, prerequisite is ensured for investigation of whether or not there is co-integration and long term relation between them. Lag length is calculated for LR, FPE, AIC, SC, and HQ criteria and 1 lag length is obtained to be the proper lag.

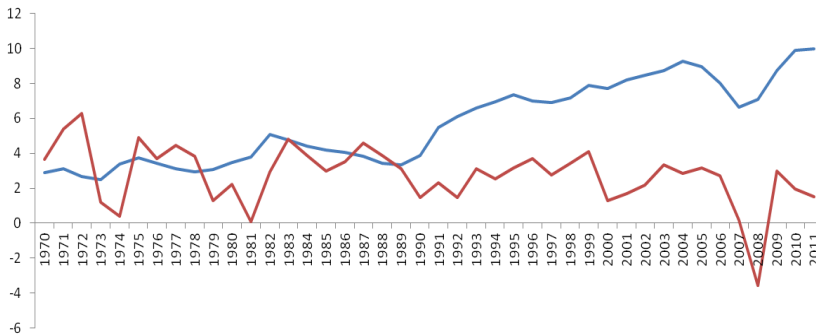
In order to determine long term relations of variables, two-staged Eangle-Granger (1987) co-integration test is performed. In first step, regression equations are constructed between variable pairs which are assumed to be related in long term. In second step, ADF, PP and KPSS unit root tests are performed for error terms of regressions and it is anticipated that level of value of error term series are stationary at [I(0)]....

Açıklama [BK23]: A blank line before and after the graph.



GRAPH 1: Average Growth Rates

When Trace and Max-Eigenvalue statistics are analyzed, “There is co-integration” hypothesis will be true as long as such statistics are higher than 0.05 of significance level....



GRAPH 2: Average Growth Rates

When Trace and Max-Eigenvalue statistics are analyzed, “There is co-integration” hypothesis will be true as long as such statistics are higher than 0.05 of significance level.

$$\Delta Y_t = \beta_1 + \beta_2 t + \beta_3 Y_{t-1} + \alpha_i \sum_{i=1}^m \Delta Y_{t-i} + u_t \quad (3)$$

When Trace and Max-Eigenvalue statistics are analyzed, “There is co-integration” hypothesis...

5. Conclusion

By the analyses carried out thereby using annual data that belong

References

Açıklama [BK24]: All graphs must be enumerated sequentially. The statement of ‘Graph’ and number are TNR 10 punto, bold and set in the midst. Title is italic and TNR 10 punto. Only the first letter is uppercase.

Açıklama [BK25]: A blank line before and after graphs.

Açıklama [BK26]: Enumerate the equations sequentially. Equations must be 0,5 indent and prepared by using ‘Word equation organizer’. Dimension of equation must be 9 nk. Number of equation must be written right aligned and in a parenthesis. It must not be spaced out before and after equation.

Açıklama [BK27]: Before preparation of references, please space out a line.

Açıklama [BK28]: TNR 14 punto, bold, 0,5 cm indent, and only the first letter is uppercase. Attention to the chosen samples of APA, please. Reference must start by using no indent and the continuing line of reference must be 0,5 indent. References are TNR 10 punto. One line and do not space out between lines.

- Abosedra, S., & Baghestani, H. (1989). New evidence on the causal relationship between U.S. energy consumption and gross national product. *Journal of Energy Development*, 14, 285-292.
- Abosedra, S., & Baghestani, H. (1991). New evidence on the causal relationship between United States energy consumption and gross national product. *Journal of Energy and Development*, 14(2), 285-292.
- Agenor, P. R., & Montiel, P. J. (1996). *Development Macroeconomics*, Princeton University Press.
- Agir, H., & Kar, M. (2010). Relationship between electricity consumption and level of economic development in Turkey: A cross-section analysis. *Sosyoekonomi*, Special Edition, 149-176.
- Akarca, A. T., & Long, T. V. (1980). On the relationship between energy and GNP: A reexamination. *Journal of Energy Development*, 5, 326-331.
- Al-mulali, U., & Fereidouni, H. G. Lee, J. Y. M. (2014). Electricity consumption from renewable and non-renewable sources and economic growth. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 30, 290-298. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2013.10.006>
- An Investigation of cointegration. (2014, July 20). *The Washington Post*, p.15.
- Australian Bureau of Statistics. (1991). *Estimated Resident Population by Age and Sex in Statistical Local Areas*, New South Wales, June 1990 (No.3209.1). Canberra, Australian Capital Territory: Author.
- Bjork, B. S. (1995). An adaptive mechanism in human memory. In H. L. Roediger and F. I.M. Craik (Eds.), *Varieties of memory and consciousness (pp.309-330)*. Hillsdale, NJ: Erlbaum.
- Cheng, B. S. (1995). An Investigation of cointegration and causality between energy consumption and economic growth. *Journal of Energy Development*, 21, 73-84.
- Cheng, B. S. (forthcoming). An Investigation of cointegration and causality between energy consumption and economic growth. *Journal of Energy Development*, 21, 73-84.
- Devlet Planlama Teşkilatı (2005). *Ekonomik ve Sosyal Göstergeler (1950-2004)*. Ankara, Devlet Planlama Teşkilatı.
- Glasure, Y.U., & Lee, A.R. (1998). Cointegration, error-correction and the relationship between GDP and energy: The case of South Korea and Singapore. *Resource Energy Economics* 20, 17-25. [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0928-7655\(96\)00016-4](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0928-7655(96)00016-4)
- Harrop, J. (2000). *The Political Economy of Integration in the European Union. Third Edition*, E. Elgar, Cheltenham.
- Johnson, R. S. (2010). *An Investigation of cointegration and causality between energy consumption and economic growth*, 27 January, San Diego, CA.
- Mankiw, N. G. (2009). *Makroekonomi*, (Çev. Ed. Ö. F. Çolak). Ankara: Efil Yayınları (İngilizce Orijinali, 2007).
- Mitchell, T. R. and Larson, J. R. (1987). *People in organizations (Third edition)*. New York: Mc Graw-Hill.
- Montiel, P. J. (1996). *Development Macroeconomics*, Princeton University Press.
- Solow, R. M. (2014). Ekonomik Büyüme Teorisine Katkı (Çev. B. Kargı). *Journal of Economics and Political Economy*, 1(2), 20-41. (İngilizce Originali, 1945).
- Riske, S. T. (1993). Social cognition and social perception. *Annual Review of Psychology*, 44, 155-194.
- Ross, D. R. (2010). An Investigation of cointegration and causality between energy consumption and economic growth, *Doctoral dissertation*, Cornell University.
- Türk Dil Kurumu (2010). *Türkçe Sözlük (genişletilmiş baskı)*. Ankara: TDK.
- NOTE: Please use sample of APA for other writing rules if they are not given in this sample.**

Açıklama [BK29]: Sample of APA, Working of the same author(s) must be enumerated by years.

Açıklama [BK30]: Sample of APA for books (multiple authors)

Açıklama [BK31]: Sample of APA for articles

Açıklama [BK32]: Sample of APA for articles written by more than one author

Açıklama [BK33]: Sample of APA for books written by more than two authors

Açıklama [BK34]: Sample of APA for articles (multiple authors)

Açıklama [BK35]: Sample of APA. Anonymous article from a newspaper

Açıklama [BK36]: Sample of APA. A book published by an institution.

Açıklama [BK37]: Sample of APA. Article in an edited book

Açıklama [BK38]: Sample of APA. Article written by an author.

Açıklama [BK39]: Sample of APA. An article will be published 'soon'. If volume and number of magazine are not determined, it should not be written.

Açıklama [BK40]: Sample of APA. Annual statistics published by an institution.

Açıklama [BK41]: Sample of APA. If there is a DOI number, it absolutely must be written.

Açıklama [BK42]: Sample of APA. A new edited book.

Açıklama [BK43]: Sample of APA. A paper presented in a conference.

Açıklama [BK44]: Sample of APA. A translated book.

Açıklama [BK45]: Sample of APA. A new edited book written by two authors.

Açıklama [BK46]: Sample of APA. (written by an author)

Açıklama [BK47]: Sample of APA. A translated book.

Açıklama [BK48]: Sample of APA. An article in an annual review.

Açıklama [BK49]: Sample of APA. A PhD Thesis

Açıklama [BK50]: Sample of APA. A dictionary.